Glossary

TERMS

Financial

Adjusted consolidated net worth

Total of share capital, reserves and non-controlling interests.

Adjusted consolidated tangible net worth

Adjusted consolidated net worth less goodwill and other intangible assets.

Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders

Equity before non-controlling interests.

Gross borrowings

Total of loans, bonds, overdrafts and perpetual capital securities

Net assets employed

Total equity plus net debt.

Net debt or consolidated borrowed money

Total of loans, bonds, overdrafts and perpetual capital securities net of bank deposits, bank balances and certain available-for-sale investments.

Underlying profit

Reported profit adjusted principally for net revaluation movements on investment properties and the associated deferred tax in Mainland China and for deferred tax provisions made in respect of investment properties held for the long-term where it is considered that the liability will not reverse for some considerable time.

Aviation

Available seat kilometres ("ASK")

Passenger seat capacity, measured in seats available for the carriage of passengers on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Available tonne kilometres ("ATK")

Overall capacity, measured in tonnes available for the carriage of airline passengers, excess baggage, cargo and mail on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

On-time performance

Departure within 15 minutes of scheduled departure time.

Revenue passenger kilometres ("RPK")

Number of passengers carried on each sector multiplied by the sector distance.

Beverages

Energy use ratio represents the energy consumed (measured in Mega joules) used to produce a litre of production. Energy consumed consists of all energy consumed, except for fuel used in fleet operations. Production volume only includes volume produced by Swire Beverages and excludes volume that is purchased from third parties.

General trade

Small, usually independent, grocery outlets.

Modern trade

Supermarkets and convenience stores, which are usually members of large retail chains.

Other channels

Includes wholesalers, restaurants and outlets at entertainment and educational establishments.

Production Quality Index

An index used throughout the TCCC system for evaluating the quality during the production process over a 12 month period.

Water use ratio represents the litres of water used to produce a litre of production. It is calculated as total water used divided by total production volume. Production volume only includes volume produced by Swire Beverages and excludes volume that is purchased from third parties.

Marine Services

ISOA

International Support Vessel Owners' Association.

Sustainable Development

Carbon Dioxide Equivalent ("CO,e")

A measure of the global warming potential of releases of the six greenhouse gases specified by the Kyoto protocol. These are carbon dioxide (CO_2), methane (CH_4), nitrous oxide (N_2O_2), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulphur hexafluoride (SF_4).

Greenhouse Gas ("GHG")

A gas in the atmosphere that absorbs and emits radiation within the thermal infrared range. This process is the fundamental cause of the greenhouse effect because part of the re-radiation is back towards the surface of the earth and the lower atmosphere, resulting in an elevation of the average surface temperature above what it would be in the absence of greenhouse gases.

Cubic metres (cbm)

A metric unit of volume or capacity equal to 1,000 litres or 1.0 metric tonne of water.

Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI")

(www.globalreporting.org)

An institution which provides a generally accepted framework for sustainability reporting. The updated GRI G4 framework sets out the principles and indicators that entities can use to measure and report their economic, environmental and social performance.

Lost Day Rate represents the number of lost scheduled working days per 100 employees per year. It is calculated as the total days lost multiplied by 200,000 and then divided by total hours worked. The factor 200,000 is the annual hours worked by 100 employees, based on 40 hours per week for 50 weeks a year.

Lost Time Injury Rate ("LTIR") represents the number of injuries per 100 employees per year. It is calculated as the total

Profit/(loss) attributable to the

Company's shareholders

injuries multiplied by 200,000 and then divided by total hours worked. The factor 200,000 is the annual hours worked by 100 employees, based on 40 hours per week for 50 weeks a year. The definitions of an injury and the number of hours worked may vary slightly in different jurisdictions and in different industries. In such cases local legal definitions and industry norms will take precedence.

Scope 1 emissions are direct GHG emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by the Group.

Scope 2 emissions are indirect GHG emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, heat and steam as well as GHG emissions from the generation and transportation of Towngas in Hong Kong from the production plant to the users.

Total injuries are the number of injuries in the year which result in lost time of a minimum of one scheduled working day.

Interest cover

Cost per ATK

Operating profit/(loss)

ATK

RATIOS

Financial

Earnings/(loss) per share =	Company's shareholders		Net finance charges
Return on average equity attributable to the Company's shareholders	Weighted average number of shares in issue during the year Profit/(loss) attributable to the Company's shareholders	Cash interest cover	= Operating profit/(loss) Total of net finance charges and capitalised interest
	Average equity during the year attributable to the Company's shareholders	Dividend cover	Profit/(loss) attributable to the = Company's shareholders Dividends paid and proposed
Return on net assets employed	= Profit/(loss) for the year Average net assets employed	Gearing ratio	= Net debt Total equity
Aviation			
Passenger/Cargo and mail load factor	Revenue passenger kilometres/Cargo and mail tonne kilometres Available seat kilometres/ Available cargo and mail tonne kilometres	Passenger/Cargo and mail yield	Passenger turnover/Cargo and =
		Cost ner ATK	_ Total operating expenses